Guangzhou Discrete Mathematics Seminar



## Graphs with flow indices less than 3



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26 December 2019 (Thursday), 3pm to 4pm **\*Room 519\***, School of Mathematics, Sun Yat-sen University

It was showed that for a simple graph G with  $|V(G)| \ge 44$ , if  $\min\{\delta(G), \delta(G^c)\} \ge 4$ , then either G or its complementary graph  $G^c$  has a nowhere-zero 3-flow. We will improve this result by showing that if  $|V(G)| \ge 32$  and  $\min\{\delta(G), \delta(G^c)\} \ge 4$ , then either G or  $G^c$  has a flow index strictly less than 3. Our result is proved by a newly developed closure operation and contraction method.

Besides this, we also consider the flow-property of graphs with spanning triangle-trees. A wellknown classical theorem of Jaeger (1979) says that every graph with two edge-disjoint spanning trees admits a nowhere-zero 4-flow. We will prove that every graph with two edge-disjoint spanning triangle-trees has a flow strictly less than 3. We also show that all graphs with spanning triangle trees but without nowhere-zero 3-flow can be constructed from a  $K_4$  by a so-called bull-growing operation. This generalizes a previous result on triangularly-connected graphs.

This is a joint work with Jiaao Li and Meiling Wang.

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